

started to make the ascent. Jacaré came down with mountain fever, and Ledbetter became exhausted. They did not reach the crater.

Mont Pelee is quiet today, but great volumes of steam are issuing from the volcano. The rain, however, is still pouring forth torrentially. The Le Precheur district, is said to be caving in, but this report has not been verified.

GAZE INTO THE SOUfRIERE.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

ST. VINCENT (B. W. I.) Sunday, June 1.—(By West Indian Cable.) The fine weather that prevailed yesterday afforded an opportunity that was seized by scientists from the United States and by members of the Soufrière volcano. The party consisted of Prof. Jaffey, geologist of Harvard University; Assistant Curator Hovey of the Museum of Natural History in New York, and Mr. Curtis. The explorers succeeded in reaching the summit of the Soufrière from the western side. The ascent was exceedingly difficult, owing to the mud that covered the mountain side, but the ground was cool.

After a tiresome scramble up the slippery hill, the crater was reached about midday. There was no trace whatever of vegetation, there had been no change in the topography of the mountain on that side, and the old crater retained its tragic beauty. The great mass of water that formerly lay at the bottom of five hundred feet below the rim of the crater had disappeared, and the crater appeared to be a dreadful chasm over 2000 feet deep. With the aid of a glass water was made out at the bottom of the abyss. The party did not venture across the summit of the Soufrière to inspect the new crater, which was then emitting a little vapor, for the ground in that direction was very treacherous.

Apparently the edge of the mountain called "The Saddle" was intact, although the old crater seemed of larger circumference than before the recent eruption.

At the western base of the Soufrière a subsidence of a depth of 100 feet had occurred for an area of a square mile. The bank of volcanic dust that covers the area is encroaching further inland at Wallibou is being gradually washed away.

The lava beds on the eastern side of the Soufrière continue to emit steam during the heavy rainfall that has occurred.

The eruption, the scientists say, was obviously more violent on the eastern side of the mountain, where the lava has been laid down to the westward. The windward district of the island is depopulated, and the inhabitants who are afraid to return to their homes are crowding the city.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, answering a question in the House of Commons today, finally announced that it was not proposed to remove the tax on grain from the budget.

SOUTH AFRICA. WHEN BOER NATION DIED.

How Peace Agreement Was Signed.

It is Now on the Way to King Edward.

Chamberlain High in Favor Rejoicing in the Concentration Camps.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

PRETORIA, Monday, June 2.—(By African Cable.) The signing of the peace agreement on Saturday night was carried out with the usual pomp and ceremony. Lord Kitchener, General Milner and Gen. Dewett and others representing the Orange Free State and Gen. Schalkburger and others of the Transvaal government quietly met in the dining-room of the residence occupied by the burgher delegates, adjoining Lord Kitchener's house. The document lay on a table ready.

Amid profound silence the Boer leaders took a pen in order of precedence and affixed their signatures to the instrument of independence, for which they had so gallantly struggled.

The document was then intrusted to Col. Hamilton, Lord Kitchener's military secretary, and Capt. Marker, an aide de camp, who left Pretoria, tonight to deliver it to King Edward.

BOER PRISONERS.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, War Secretary Brodrick said the total number of Boer prisoners in South Africa and elsewhere was 25,565, of which 750 were under 16, and 1925 were over 60 years of age.

GRAIN TAX STAYS ON.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, answering a question in the House of Commons today, finally announced that it was not proposed to remove the tax on grain from the budget.

PEACE THANKSGIVING.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—King Edward will attend a peace thanksgiving service in St. Paul's Cathedral Sunday, June 8. The Lord Mayor, Sir Joseph Dimond, and the members of the corporation will be present in state.

VISITED BY KITCHENER.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

PRETORIA, June 3.—Lord Kitchener accompanied by General Kitchener visited the camp of concentration last Monday, and greeted the Boer delegates there. He also expressed his hope that Boer and Briton would live in amity.

CONFERENCE WITH KRUGER.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

UTRECHT (Holland) June 3.—The Boer delegates in France arrived here this afternoon. They held a plenary conference in the house of Kruger and afterwards another meeting was held in the Hotel des Paix Bals. None of the delegates was willing to talk with regard to the conclusion of peace or what had been done at today's meeting.

GOOD NEWS FOR BOERS.

"JOEY" IS DISPLEASED.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Colonial Secretary Chamberlain had an audience with the King at Buckingham Palace last evening. There is reason to believe that he is displeased with the terms which he considers the King forced on him. He has received popular ovations for his statesmanship, with scarcely a smile. He has said to friends at a critical point of the easiness of the terms and the relation of the coronation to the setting of that it had been wanted to sell the empire for a circus.

His irreconcilable imperialist allies say that large sums of money passed through indirect channels to certain Boers before peace was signed.

COLONIAL BOERS.

MAKING COME TO AMERICA.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

NEW YORK, June 3.—As a result of the penalty which the Cape Boers, who assisted the Boers of the South African republic, and the Orange Free State may be called upon to pay, the terms of the peace agreement, an effort may be made to find homes for some of them in the United States. W. G. Smynn of Cape Colony, who fought with the Boers, and who has been speaking in the United States for the Boers during the past year, said regarding the terms of surrender: "The Boers will be put ashore as a colony. Boer will be a British subject, and am liable to imprisonment for from five to ten years if the terms as published, are correct. I am acquainted with President Roosevelt and think that he will not be able to do some of our people to come to this country. I think there is an opportunity for us here. There are few now, but in Portugal there are a good many Colonials, and they will not want to return to Africa. They are well born if the United States government would open the way they would be glad to settle in New Mexico, Arizona, Texas or Colorado. They would make good citizens; no one need be afraid of them. I shall use every effort to open the way to bring them here."

Smynn's son, who fought with him in South Africa, has just passed his examination for admission to Columbia University.

TERMS OF SURRENDER.

OPINIONS REGARDING THEM.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

LONDON, June 3.—(By Atlantic Cable.) The following opinions of the terms of surrender have been obtained:

Lord Charles Beresford: The terms are good and generous.

Henry Labouchere, M.P. (Advanced Liberal): We have gone out with the honors of war, and our pockets are well lined as well.

John Burns, M.P. (Socialist): I think the terms may prove to be better than they are now, but we have to hold out.

It is expected that from 12,000 to 15,000 people will be disarmed under the arrangement for dealing with the Cape rebels. If this is the case, the arrangement is advanced that it would

obviate the necessity of suspending the Constitution of Cape Colony.

PEACE IN AFRICA.

EXPECTED TO HELP TRADE.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

NEW YORK, June 3.—In the opinion of trading company officials and steamship agents here, having business relations with South Africa, the cessation of the Boer war will mean a large increase in trade. The traders have had no reason to complain during the war, however, for they say Great Britain has bought largely of their food supplies for the army here.

John Hayes Hammond, the mining engineer, says there will be a good demand for mining machinery, but not so much for the mineral products.

He is optimistic as to the demand for new deep-sea mines which will be dug. It will take, he believes, several years to satisfy the demand.

SPRIGG'S VIEWS.

CAPE COLONY SITUATION.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

CAPE TOWN, June 3.—(By African Cable.) The Premier of Cape Colony, Sir John Gordon Sprig, during the course of his hour's speech at a meeting here today, announced that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain had informed him that the imperial government did not contemplate the suspension of the Constitution of Cape Colony. The Premier further declared that the "disfranchisement of the republicans" will affect the members in the House, as effectively as they have been beaten in the field.

Discussing the financial situation, the Premier said he intended to hold a conference to be held in London at the time of the coronation festivities to uphold free trade within the empire.

Considerable opposition to the Premier's views developed among the audience, while the crowd outside the hall was so hostile that windows were broken with stones.

CHAMBERLAIN ON TOP.

FAVORITES OF MASSES.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-A.M.)

NEW YORK, June 3.—There is no mistaking that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain is now the dominant personality in the Unionist party, says a London dispatch. The Labouchere could scarcely conceal his chagrin at the significant ovation given the former when the Commons listened to the announcement of the Boer surrender.

Still on calm reflection the ministerialists are agreed in the labours that the Boers had got virtually everything they demanded, and that the terms accorded little ground for acclaiming the British triumph.

The terms given for the surrender of independence is that they are practically bankrupt, and even if they could prolong the war for two years they still would be unable to recover the sum of £100,000,000.

GOVERNOR AND THE FUND.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.) June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The State Board of

PITH OF NEWS FROM THE MIDDLE WEST.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

CHICAGO, June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Last night's electrical storm apparently cleared the air in Chicago, not a cloud appearing in today's sky. The temperature ranged from 65 to 80 deg. The maximum being reached at 3 o'clock this afternoon, and since then the mercury has been falling until, tonight, thin clothing is a trifle chilly. Northerly winds and colder weather are on the programme for tomorrow. Temperatures at 7 a.m., New York, 70; Boston, 76; Philadelphia, 72; Washington, 74; Chicago, 66; Minneapolis, 58; Cincinnati and St. Louis, 70.

MARRIAGES KEEPING UP.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW ALBANY (Ind.) June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The Council has granted the Kenosha Electric Railway the right to lay its tracks through the city. This will insure the speedy completion of the electric line from Chicago to Milwaukee, which it is now expected, will be in operation September 1.

"BOOST" FOR WATTERSON.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NEW ALBANY (Ind.) June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The Democratic Congressional Convention, which met here today, adopted a resolution urging Henry Watterson for appointment to the Committee on Resolutions of the next Democratic national convention, in order that he may write the platform, asserting that the only times the Democrats were successful were those when the Kentucky editor drafted the party declarations.

AMERICA'S FINEST PEARL.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

MILWAUKEE, June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) What is said to be the largest pearl ever found in America is now in the possession of Bunde & Updike of this city. The pearl is a perfect sphere, of fine luster and weighs 121 grains. Experts say that it is worth considerably over \$10,000. This pearl was found by a fisherman near Prairie du Chien.

MAYOR STRIKES EX-MAYOR.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

NILES (Mich.) June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) Benjamin Franklin Birch of Tiffin, a seventy-year-old millionaire, was married at 5 o'clock this morning to Miss Emma Jennings. The bride was 17 years old.

GOVERNOR AND THE FUND.

(By DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.) June 3.—(Exclusive Dispatch.) The State Board of

action of the Twelfth District caucus in selecting J. M. Barrett of Wayne as member of the Committee on Reconstruction, delegate to the national convention to be held in Chicago, was unanimous in their choice of Barrett, and the author of many books on Freemasonry, and Scottish history, is dead at his home in this city, after a long illness. He was born in Edinburgh in 1847. Dr. Barrett was a member of the North American Association of Caledonian Clubs.

JOHN S. MAYBUGH.

ELKO (Nev.) June 3.—John S. Maybugh, former Indian Agent and Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons in this State and the author of many books on Freemasonry, and Scottish history, is dead at his home in this city, after a long illness. He was born in Edinburgh in 1847. Dr. Barrett was a native of Pennsylvania, aged 73 years.

E. C. FLAGG.

SAN JOSE, June 3.—E. C. Flagg, prominent capitalist and fruit grower of this city, died this evening of congestion of the lungs. He was a native of New York, aged 60 years. He leaves a widow and daughter, Charles C. Flagg, in San Francisco.

THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY WILL ADJOURN TODAY.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

PITTSBURGH, June 3.—Tomorrow will be the last session at the Presbyterian General Assembly. Today Rev. C. R. Watson of St. Louis was elected corresponding secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions.

The following nominations were made by the assembly:

Trustee of the General Assembly—Rev. E. H. Stewart, James H. Scott, E. H. Morris.

Foreign Missions—Rev. R. L. Latimer, William Neely, Rev. S. G. Fitzgerald.

Board of Home Missions—G. M. Reed, Rev. J. W. English, Rev. H. W. Temple.

Board of Freedmen's Missions—Peter Dick, Rev. H. R. Park, W. K. McGinnis, Rev. J. W. Witherspoon, corresponding secretary.

Board of Church Extension—Rev. J. T. McLean, C. P. Deffenbaugh, Rev. L. H. Harvey, Rev. C. H. Swettengen, Rev. C. G. Wallace, corresponding secretary.

Board of Publication—Rev. W. B. Smiley, Rev. H. R. Hood, T. J. Gilmore, Hugh J. Kennedy, Rev. J. M. Wallace.

Board of Education—Rev. L. H. Hanna, L. H. Moffat, Rev. N. H. Brown, T. G. Peacock, Rev. W. T. Clegg, Rev. J. W. Witherspoon, corresponding secretary.

Board of Missions in Relief—Rev. S. G. Couter, Rev. W. J. B. Edgar, Rev. Frank Getty.

Board of Managers, Historical Society—Rev. J. S. Wood, Rev. J. A. Wilson.

Committee on Revision of Membership Covenant—Rev. J. K. McCurkin, Rev. J. S. McKeon, Rev. W. S. McMichael, Rev. T. N. Turnbull.

The report of the Committee of Narratives and State of Religion read by Rev. William Anderson declared that the church has been in a condition of less than 1 per cent. The report recommends that the Presbyterians take up the spiritual condition of the church and its slow advance and devise ways and means for securing a more rapid growth.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

Very Little Competition for Empty Honors—Indication of a Strong Desire to Throw Bryan Overboard.

(By the NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS-P.M.)

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1902.

DEVASTATING
THE COUNTRY.Locusts Appear not Far
from Fresno.No Leaf Nor Blade of
Grass Escapes.Tried to Murder His Wife—
Child Burned to Death.
Fall from Window.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

FRESNO, June 3.—Twelve hours ago the country for miles around, comprising Wolcott's colony, Auberry Valley, Squaw Valley and Polasky, fifteen to twenty miles from Fresno, was a fertile region covered with ripening grain and corn, heavily-laden fruit trees, grape vines and vineyards, and pastures. Now this country represents a scene of desolation and barrenness. An infinite army of grasshoppers settled down upon that doomed land. Not a leaf nor a blade of grass has escaped these ravagers. Everything green is doomed.

INCENDIARY MINISTER.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

SANTA CRUZ, June 2.—Rev. James Luther Rodgers, formerly a Baptist minister, confessed to the officers today that he set fire to the buildings at the Natural Bridge Dairy on Sunday. He said he did it from motives of revenge, as he felt vindictive toward other employees on the ranch, as he had been accused of being a revolutionary.

In a cabin that was destroyed he left three ministerial suits, some books and a gold watch presented to him by a congregation at Okella, Fla. For thirty-six hours after the fire received no information of his whereabouts. He hid in a station on the cliff drive until the officers found him.

Today he was formally charged with arson. This week he will be examined as to his sanity. When in conversation he talks rationally.

GOVERNORSHIP IN DOUBT.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

PORTLAND (Or.) June 3.—Practically complete returns from twenty-eight of the thirty-three counties in the State and estimated majorities in the five remaining, give Chamberlain (Dem.) 258 majority for Governor.

It now appears that it will require considerable time to decide the Governorship, and the result may not be known for several days. The entire Republican ticket, with the exception of the Governor, is elected by from 5000 to 12,000. The Legislature will probably stand as follows:

Senate, Republicans, 20; Democrats, 10. House, Republicans, 40; Democrats, 20.

On joint ballot, Republicans, 60; Democrats, 30.

George H. Williams (Rep.) will have at least 800 majority for Mayor of Portland. The entire Republican ticket in Multnomah county is successful.

SEN. JOHN'S SCHEME.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

REDDING, June 3.—The Southbound Oregon Express on the Southern Pacific road which left Redding at 10:45 o'clock tonight was wrecked about fifteen minutes later near Clear Creek, four miles from this city.

The accident was caused by a hair open switch which had evidently been left in that condition by some unscrupulous person. The train, which is known as a "double header," had two engines, and was running at a good rate of speed, as it was on a down grade. Both engines were thrown into the ditch and completely wrecked.

Passenger J. M. Williams and Fred Laffel of the forward engine were thrown under the wreckage and crushed to death, their bodies being fearfully mangled. A force is working to recover the remains of the men, which are under the engine with which they went down to death. The mail car was thrown across the track where it now stands. A number of the passengers coaches were dented. A number of the passengers were severely injured, but so far as can be learned none were killed.

TIMBER LANDS.

BIG SALE TO MATCH TRUST.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—The government body of the California Democratic Party will meet in this city next Saturday to adopt a call for a State nominating convention. A draft of the proposed call has been prepared by a sub-committee. The document, as outlined will be submitted to the Executive Committee next Friday evening.

IT IS RAPIDLY VANISHING.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is believed here that the owners of the German bark H. F. Glade have abandoned all hope for the safety of the vessel, and have turned over to the underwriters, in return for a remittance written upon the bark up to 90 per cent. The vessel is now adrift today to 95 per cent, in accordance with instructions from London, and there is no explanation of the unprecedented rise—except upon the hypothesis mentioned, the underwriters expecting to make their profits on the additional 5 per cent.

The Glade, with a grain cargo from the port for Europe, is now out 227 days, and has never been heard from.

Communication on the Glade is now on the part of the propounder that she will arrive at her destination.

Nothing like so large a vessel has ever before been risked here on an overdue.

REPAIRS ON GRANT.

WILL COST LARGE SUM.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It will cost nearly \$600,000 to put the transport Grant in good condition. Bids for doing the work were opened today, and all were found to be in excess of \$400,000. They were telegraphed to Washington, but it is believed the expenditure of anything like this amount will be authorized by the War Department, notwithstanding the fact that the Grant has thus far had an economic career and shows a more creditable record than any of the other big transports.

For several weeks the Grant has been lying at Folsom-street wharf, waiting to be turned over to the successful bidder for repairs and altera-

tions. The specifications are elaborate, and call for the practical rebuilding of the huge vessel. The work will require some time. Mr. Sher-
man and Sherman were both repaired, altered and fitted up after the same manner.

TRIED TO KILL HIS WIFE.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—That Mrs. George Leroy Tindall is not occupying a slab at the city morgue, where her body was laid out, is due to the fact that he fired three shots at her this morning with a six-shooter, all at close range.

On their way down town from the depot where they had gone to meet their young son, who did not arrive, Tindall, a member of a revolution gang, wife's back, as she was tying her shoe, but the revolver missed fire. With a cry for help she grabbed with her hand, they became entangled, and ran west across the street. About the middle of the street he fired one shot, but missed, and she ran into a saloon, Tindall close behind.

Tindall was armed with a revolver. She grasped the weapon and the discharged powder burned her hands, but the bullet missed.

The desperate woman ran down the hallway into a small room and dashed through another door, which she held with all her strength while Tindall tried to open it.

Tindall fired again and missed, as he ran through the room. While he was trying to kick the door down Officer Carson disarmed him and placed him under arrest. He is booked on the charge of assault to murder.

FAMILY TRAGEDY. Jealousy and a quarrel over the possession of a young son, growing out of divorce proceedings, are the causes given for the shooting.

Mrs. Tindall was formerly Miss Estelle Greenwood of Sacramento, where they were married ten years ago.

NOT THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.

MONROVIA, June 3.—Rev. James E. Dunn, Prop.

227 South Spring St.

BY-THE-SEA.

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BY-THE-SEA.

THEY TRAIN
IN EARNEST

Fitz and Jeff H.
Gone to Work.

Champion Hunts Co.
That Don't Fight

Eddie Smith and F. J. Hof.
as Professional Cyclers
Ball and Racing.

WATERS RUSH ON JOLET.

Worst Flood in History
of the City.

Police Utilize Boats to
Rescue People.

Three Lives Reported Lost—
Scores of Families Driven
from Homes.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

JOLET (Ill.) June 3.—Joliet is in the grasp of the worst flood in its history.

All the lower portions of the city are under water, and it is rumored that scores of lives have been lost.

The police have rescued Eddie McGour, Lester E. McLean and a little girl named Kennedy, drowned.

Several families had narrow escapes, and the police rescued many in boats.

Several houses and other buildings were swept away in the floods.

Jefferson and other principal streets are under water, and business places are flooded, causing thousands of dollars of damage. The street car lines are all seriously damaged, and no cars are running. All the trains are stalled, water being two feet deep over the railroads. Severe washouts have occurred, and the electric line between here and Chicago.

Heavy rains, which continued all night, caused Hickory and Spring creeks to burst their banks, and it is stated that Hickory Creek dam east of the city has partially collapsed, sending the flood of waters down in a torrent. Scores of homes have from one to three feet of water in the first stories.

Mayor Barr has called a special meeting of the City Council to take measures for the relief of the homeless. Scores of families have been driven from their homes by the floods. The damage was more widespread than was at first supposed. The estimated damage to property reaches \$75,000 to \$100,000. Factories and stores all over the city are flooded. Many streets are ruined, the pavements being all washed away, and hundreds of small buildings are gone.

A portion of Hickory Creek dam was washed out. There has been no serious trouble as yet from the drainage channel. Part of the penitentiary was flooded, but not seriously, and the convicts are working as usual. The water did not reach the car shops.

STRUCK BY TORNADO.

BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.

PLATTEVILLE (Wis.) June 3.—A tornado struck the town of Louisville, sixteen miles from here, last evening, demolishing barns, outbuildings and fences.

Edward W. Weller, a well-known farmer, was killed. Heavy rain followed the blow, causing great damage to crops, and it is said the season's work on many farms will prove a total loss.

At Jamestown the Sisson dwelling was totally destroyed, but no one is reported hurt.

WASHINGTON BRIEFS.

Coinage for May.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The Director of the Mint shows that during May, 1901, the coinage executed at the mint of the United States amounted to \$2,350,600, as follows: Gold \$424,000; silver, \$1,873,000; minor coins, \$60,500.

Receipts and Expenditures.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—The monthly statement issued by the Director of the Mint shows that during the month the total receipts and expenditures of the mint for May, 1901, were \$62,960,449, and for May, 1900, \$62,440 for May, 1901. The expenditures for last month were \$38,746,797 leaving a surplus for the month of \$10,767,652.

Pensions for Californiaans.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Residents of Los Angeles granted pensions: John K. Hoffman, \$10; Felix Campbell, \$10; Joseph Hoffman, \$12; Lucy F. Rowker, \$8.

SOLDIERS AND SLANDERERS.

Men are fighting for the flag across the ocean.

On the islands that were won through valor.

They are battling in a land of savage forests.

Facing treachery and danger everywhere.

They are fighting in the swamps and jungles of the pit and ambuscade;

true hardships born of warfare they are bearing.

But no murmurs of complaint by them are made.

Men are dying for the flag across the ocean.

The islands where to duty they've come.

They are falling in the swamps and jungles.

Far from the home, the home beyond the water blue.

But the dying eyes are lighted up with glory.

As they see the old flag proudly flying, forward borne.

And their patriotic words are bringing.

To their countrymen and loved ones left to mourn.

Men are slandering the starry flag's defenders.

Making them the targets for their scorn and hate;

2 the heroes accusations they are hurling.

And with base inventive seek to irritate.

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The President, however, had referred to the acts of an infuriated mob to justify, he supposed, the award of the order of Gen. Smith in the Philippines.

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THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.
ALBERT MCFARLAND.....Treasurer.
PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday,
and Weekly Magazine.

Vol. 41, No. 182. Founded Dec. 4, 1880.

EVERY MORNING IN THE YEAR

NEWS SERVICE.—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 15,000 to 20,000 miles transmitted daily over more than 20,000 miles of leased wires.

THE TIMES.—Price of Sunday, \$1.00; Daily, 50 cents; Saturday, \$2.00; Magazine, \$1.50; Weekly, \$1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION.—For 1899, 25,731; for 1900, 28,735; for 1901, 28,778.

TELEGRAPH.—Circulating Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Press 1; City Edition and Local News, Room 2.

AGENTS.—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, No. 821 Tribunes Building, New York; 5 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building, where the latest copies of The Times may be consulted.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Noticed at the Los Angeles Post Office for transmission as mail matter of the second class.

HOW THE TIMES TREATS LABOR.

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES pays its skilled workmen wages that average from \$3.75 to \$4.50 per day for time work, and from \$4 to \$5.50 per day for piece work. These rates are higher than are paid by any competing newspaper. The Times pays larger sums weekly, monthly and yearly for labor than any journal in all the Southwest. Its cash disbursements on this account between August, 1890, and the end of September, 1901, aggregated \$9,400,000, and its annual expenditures for labor of all classes, both skilled and unskilled, now average more than \$175,000 per year. There never has been any attempt, in any quarter, to deny these specific and telling facts, and the proprietors challenge such denial if made. The Times has a more skillful, reliable and satisfactory force of workmen than any rival newspaper establishment; and for years has it had any trouble with its workmen, who are independent of unions, loyal to their employers and to themselves, well satisfied and prosperous. The Times controls its own business in its own way, subject only to the laws of the land; and no interference with that control can be lawfully or justly made. The result of its fixed policy has proven highly beneficial to all concerned, and the justness and correctness of its course have for years past received public approval in most marked and conspicuous ways, the circulation and advertising patronage of the paper steadily and largely outstripping that of all local rivals.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS, President and General Manager.

PRICES OF THE FIESTA-BIEN-
NIAL NUMBER.

1 copy	\$1.10
8 copies	.25
8 copies	.50
12 copies	1.00

The postage on this number when mailed by individuals to addresses in the United States, Mexico or Canada will be 4 cents per copy.

BUSINESS.

The local banks sent in clearances yesterday amounting to \$994,828.85. This following \$1,385,993.49 on Monday indicates a very active use of money. Should it run this way to the end of the week it would make a new record.

For the corresponding day last year the clearances amounted to \$824,980.35, which was about a normal amount for that time.

Weak corn and a slump in wheat were the features at Chicago. Small dealings and a languid tone characterized the New York stock market.

GOV. GAGE'S LAST SHOUT.

Henry T. Gage, Governor of California, and who is roaming up and down the State seeking a renomination, has broken into print with a campaign announcement that he is about to arrest John D. Spreckels and Sam Leake for their publications, and to sue the Los Angeles Times and Col. Otis for their connection with the affair" (referring to the recently published charges against Warden Aguirre of San Quentin, with which Mr. Gage's name was coupled). Mr. Gage further threatens to "deal appropriately" with M. H. De Young, of the San Francisco Chronicle, "when he comes within the jurisdiction of the State courts."

The Governor's somewhat spectacular pronunciamento is not calculated to cause anybody to take to the tall timber. So far as The Times is concerned (other newspapers and individuals can speak for themselves,) it is not in the habit of retiring in the face of a legal menace, and it is not in the slightest degree stricken with terror by Mr. Gage's flamboyant and bellicose campaign threats. It fears none of the dire consequences of gubernatorial wrath. The Times is prepared to meet the onset. It challenges Gov. Gage, or any other person, to show, in the courts or through any medium, that it has been actuated by other than right motives in connection with the publications in question.

The charges made by the San Francisco Call, with particularity and detail, against the warden of San Quentin, were of grave importance. The questions involved were of a distinctly public nature, and eminently a proper subject for discussion in the public press. In the exercise of its rights and the discharge of its obligations as a public journal, and in the performance of what it conceived to be a public duty, The Times gave the substance of these grave charges in a news dispatch. Later, and as soon as practicable, it took occasion to express, editorially and unequivocally, its refusal to accept the charges as true, so far as they reflected upon the personal integrity of Gov. Gage or Warden Aguirre, unless those charges should be proven to be true.

Nobody can reasonably deny that the accusations brought against Messrs. Aguirre and Gage demand a thorough investigation. By that method, and by that method only, their truth or falsity is to be determined.

The honor of the State and the good names of both Gage and Aguirre demand the investigation and that it be thorough, free from all suspicion of one-sidedness, and convincing. The Times has announced, and here reaffirms, that if after a fair investigation the charges be proven false, it will be among the first to announce the result; but if the contrary should be found to be true, The Times will not be deterred from pub-

THE NORTHERN CITRUS BELT.

The San Francisco Chronicle, in following out its excellent idea of publishing weekly a large department devoted to the development of Central and Northern California, recently published an array of statistics in regard to citrus fruit culture in Northern California, which the Davisville Enterprise thinks should convince The Times that the northern people are "doing it." According to the report of the Chronicle, there are 9007 acres of bearing citrus fruit trees in the Sacramento Valley alone, 3688 acres of non-bearing citrus fruit trees, and in addition, during the year 1901-2, there has been planted to citrus fruit trees, 1603 acres, making a total area in the Sacramento Valley devoted to citrus fruit culture of 14,239 acres.

This related only to the Sacramento Valley. In other sections of Northern California there are a number of orange trees, especially in Butte county, which worked up quite a boom in orange culture about twelve years ago.

The Times has never denied that it is possible to plant orange trees north of the Tehachapi. That such is the case is amply proved by the fact that during the past fifteen years hundreds of thousands of orange trees have been shipped north by the nurserymen of Southern California. Nor have we ever denied that, in a few climatically favored sections of limited areas along the foothills of Central and Northern California, the orange tree may be adapted upon to produce fruit, with little if any less danger from frost than in the average orange growing sections of Southern California. This is due less to the comparative absence of frost than to the fact that the orange in Central and Northern California ripens early, before the late employers, nor with any other firms, individuals or corporations engaged in the transaction of legitimate business.

The packers have a moral, legal and constitutional right to employ other men, if they can get them, to perform the work which the strikers refuse to perform. Any man who is willing to work for the packers upon such terms as may be mutually agreed upon has an indefeasible, moral and legal right to do so and no man nor association of men has or can have a right to stop him. Every citizen has the right to trade with whom he pleases, if the traffic be not of a kind forbidden by law. Forceable interference with these fundamental rights is criminal, and should be punished as such.

To state these propositions is to demonstrate them, for their truth is obvious and indisputable. Yet these fundamental rights of free citizens are violated, wantonly and ruthlessly, in nearly every labor strike. These violations of law, and of the fundamental principles of justice as between man and man, are fast making of labor unionism a reproach and a byword. It is impossible for self-respecting Americans to countenance, excuse or palliate the disreputable tactics habitually resorted to by strikers to enforce their demands. Such practices are un-American, and can never be upheld by public sentiment in a land where freedom of conscience and of action is one of the cornerstones of the government.

The terms of peace granted to the Boers are sufficiently liberal to delight the most exacting, and the suggestion that "Great Britain has the peace and the Boers the honor" is not altogether fanciful. But the King made a demand for peace that his coronation might not be had under the shadow of war, and it is doubtful well nigh all concerned that such a peace as they are.

The Boer prisoners are held in custody at the end of the contest, as is but natural, and they are fraternizing with the British soldiers in a way that gives glorious promise that the future of the Transvaal country is to be one of peace, prosperity, development, advancement and happiness. With war practically at an end in the Philippines, according to the best testimony available, the land of Uncle Sam likewise has occasion to do a little rejoicing on its own account, and we therefore present our felicitations to the mother country with added zest to welcome the same.

For two days this went on, and the game was so warm that the captain of the steamship objected. He told the players that they would have to quit. They did so. It was then that Kersgood, according to Mrs. Hartridge, said he had been robbed, but at all events he accused Mrs. Hartridge of having taken \$270 from him.

"I didn't have any money," Mrs. Hartridge says she replied, "but I am looking at some one on board who did."

This caused some unpleasantness with Mrs. McGlinley and Mrs. Ross. Then, according to Mrs. Hartridge, Kersgood offered her one half of the money he had lost if she could get it back for him. She did not pay any attention to this proposition, and they apparently this matter was dropped.

Mr. McGlinley and Mrs. Ross parted from the others at Panama. Kersgood and Mrs. Hartridge crossed to Colon and took the Advance for this port. Kersgood was very reticent about the robbery. He said: "I know that Mrs. Hartridge took money from me, and that is enough. I will appear in court against her."

Mrs. Hartridge was taken to the West Twentieth street station and from the time the Charles Street train, where there is a matron, she said that she had been employed as private secretary by a lawyer named Frank M. Stone. She said that Stone was now in this city, and she thought he was stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria or Holland House. She was trying to find him, she said, so he would appear as her counsel in court this morning. At the Waldorf-Astoria and Holland Stone is not known.

The insurgent Senators who are opposed to Cuban reciprocity have broken up their organization, and are now doing a ghost dance. It will be part of the wisdom to tease the recalcitrants back into the corral as soon as possible. A general revision of the tariff is not at all likely to suit a great many of the big interests of the country, but if cane sugar is to have some considerable boasting at the expense of the beet-sugar people, there will be others to get pinched in the jam.

We look for Congress to be wise enough to work the thing out all O.K.

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THE CHICAGO STRIKE.

Matters are taking the usual course in the strike of the Chicago teamsters. The old story of rioting and lawlessness is being repeated, with but little variation. Not satisfied with leaving employment for one reason or another, is not satisfactory to them, the strikers are resorting to the usual lawless practices in trying to prevent their employers from doing business without them. These strikers are endeavoring to dictate to the people of the entire community whom the latter shall and shall not trade with. Those who patronize the establishments against which the strikers have declared war are annoyed by having their supplies of ice, coal, and other necessities cut off. In short, all sorts of coercive and dastardly methods are resorted to for the purpose of compelling the packing-house to employ the strikers at the latter's terms or close up their business, and for coercing the public at large into assisting the strikers in enforcing their unreasonable demands.

And now Chicago is threatened with a visitation from the seventeen-year locusts. May be a good thing, though. In the absence of meat, because of the strike, they can eat the critters as did the ancients in biblical days.

And now a certain professor, one H. G. Otis, has the people of Peekskill, N. Y., in a state of alarm. He says that the locusts will begin to heave. It is entirely likely that their vigil will be a long one, however.

Oregon is all right in the main; and the rest of the country will be, provided the people are not asked to cast their ballots for yellow dogs. The yellow dog days in politics have gone by in this country.

A Denver man has a successful ship—on paper. The woods are full of 'em here, too, as well as in Colorado. But when it comes to flying they do more lighting than anything else.

President Paine is about to find out shortly what it means to provide the needful for a large and growing family. He certainly has a strenuous task cut out for him.

San Jose laundry operators have fallen back to the exacting demands of their operatives; it now remains to be seen what the next exaction will be.

Alaska has a volcano, but that country is probably in better shape to stand something real warm than any other portion of the world's domain.

Wonder which particular jail it is that has its portals yawning for one Corp. Richard T. O'Brien, late of the United States Army?

When the troley car and the automobile come together there is a clash of modernity that makes the teeth rattle.

The midnight assassin has gone again, but he didn't get a milkman the last time.

J. Pierpont Morgan has gone to Venice. Now look out for a canal trust.

PLAYED BRIDGE WHIST.

Banker Otto C. Kersgood Causes the Arrest of Mrs. Catherine Hartridge With Whom He Had Been Travelling.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

NEW YORK, June 2.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] When the Pan-American Railroad Steamship Advance from Colon to Philadelphia, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, concerning the operation of a telegraph system over the railroad company's lines, the Western Union Telegraph Company at present operates the Pennsylvania Railroad telegraph lines.

The vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad admitted that the conference of the officials of the two companies had been a success, but that the main result of the negotiations Sunday in Philadelphia, which is just recovering from the previous shock that ruined the city, was that the State of Georgia, which had a strong earthquake at Taxco, a mining town, and a slight shock was felt here.

A recent examination of Cerro del Hierro, an iron deposit in the mountains of Guatemala, shows that the mass inside the crater is composed of a gelatinous mud, which slides about, but without breaking or exploding. There is no apprehension regarding this mountain.

WHY HE RETURNED.

"Did you come back for something you forgot?" asked Mrs. Darley, when her husband returned to the house a few minutes after leaving.

"No," he replied. "I came back for something I remembered."

BY PENNY AND THE POSTAL COMPACT ON WIRE SERVICE.

BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It was officially stated today that negotiations are in progress between the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the Pennsylvania Telegraph Company, concerning the operation of a telegraph system over the railroad company's lines.

The government reserves all advantages of exceptions which may be taken to the "compact on wire service" to the defendant.

A general denial of the correctness of the answer is made, and it is alleged that the answer of each defendant is very uncertain, evasive, and insufficient in law and in fact.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 4, 1902.

ever have got through so well.

Latest rumor concerning coroners is that Gilbert Parker, dramatist and member of the House, is more than likely to have attached to the front of his coat the interest that Joseph Chamberlain, the historian, who also takes in the ex-Canadian. The House of Commons, who also seem to say there, will likely find the House of Lords more to his temperament. It is generally certain that he will be seated in the upper House, and will take the name of Lord Sir John Lubbock, who when he was a lord some two years ago, gave the name under which he had all his fame as author and poet, and disdaining himself as

markable book of short stories on America, which was brought to him some time ago under the title of "Tales from Tokio" is to receive a compliment or in London in a new form, with new illustrations, and title, "The Heart of Japan." Author, Clarence Ludlow Brown, a well-known man, and many literary folk—Hartford has been by turns a gay idler at water polo, a day laborer on the Pacific, government instructor in the service, a newspaper man in New York and a man in London.

John d'Annunzio, who, by erratic ways, plus some most unusual man of letters, Italy, has come into conflict with the police. He was to have lecture on Verdi a day or two to the authorities, on the lecture he was refused. The dignitaries refused, and the lecturer lectured.

C. B.

ARTHUR KEEPS QUAKING.

LOS ANGELES, June 2.—Earthquakes continue in that portion of the Guerrero, where seismic action has long been a matter of record. There were re-occurring Sunday in Chilpancingo, which caused a violent shock that ruined the capital of the State of Guerrero. There was also a strong earthquake in a mining town, right about the same time, examination of Cerro del Agua, shows that the matter is a crater composed of a mass which did not burst, but breaking or exploding, no apprehension regarding

Why He Returned.

You come back for something?" asked Mrs. Darby, when he returned to the house a few days after leaving.

"Dear," he replied, "I came something I remembered."

Hard Luck.

It's about Grief losing that railroad accident.

Yes; it must be a great disappointment to him, he was always about getting there with

—(Brooklyn Life).

What Would Happen.

people now were turned into salt, like in Lot's time, just they turned around to rubber, and the result?

There wouldn't be so many people in the world.—[Yonkers

Marital Confidences.

Hamm: Don't you think I

ever think of growing older?

You and I're really too

can't live as long as the

time; you might then

be veritable beauty.—[New

York.

the Tone of

the Tune

Therefore, the secret

satisfaction lies in the tone.

THE

OSE

PIANO

Half a century of

research and skill unite in

the art of the

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Still We Grow.

The receipts of the Los Angeles post office for May were \$31,444.12, against \$28,465.81 for May, 1901, an increase of \$638.31, or 22.76 per cent.

Marchants Will Meet.

A general meeting of the members of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association will be held this evening to receive the report of the Fiesta Committee and to discuss the question of a summer hall holiday.

Horse Kicked Him.

U. R. Prince, who lives at No. 227 Winston street, was kicked in the jaw yesterday by a horse at the livery stable on the corner of Fourth and San Pedro streets and an examination at the Roosevelt Hospital showed that the jaw bone was broken.

Stone's Wives.

A young man by the name of Glen Wood was discovered by Detectives Steele and Hitch yesterday afternoon trying to dispose of a bicycle at a First-street shop. He had a bogus bill of sale and the bicycle was accordingly taken to the Police Station, where he was booked on a charge of grand larceny.

Pioneer Society Meets.

Last evening's meeting of the Los Angeles Pioneer Society in Caledonia Hall was made especially interesting by reminiscences of old times in San Geronimo Valley. Dr. Burton told of his early experiences, and of many of the hardships endured after his arrival in 1855. His talk was followed by the usual entertaining programme of music and readings. The meeting was well attended.

Knocked from Buggy.

A. Greenwood, an elderly man living at No. 414 South Fremont avenue, was knocked out of a buggy by a Transition car near Twenty-third and Hoover streets yesterday morning and fell on his head, sustaining painful injuries. Mr. Greenwood was sitting in the buggy holding the horse, when, at the approach of the car, the animal became frantic and backed the vehicle over the tracks in front of the moving car.

Mystery Still Unexplained.

James Dean, the invalid young soldier who disappeared from the city last week under mysterious circumstances, is still lost to the knowledge of his acquaintances here. Inquiry last night at the residence of T. W. Wade, No. 341 Broadway, Street, where Dean lodged prior to his disappearance, elicited no information as to his whereabouts other than that a woman stated that she had seen a man of his description board a car at Santa Monica on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. When the conductor of the car was questioned he stated that he did not remember having seen such a man.

Wagon Mail Brothers.

The Postoffice Department has ordered new advertisements posted for bids on the Los Angeles screen wagon mail route, which involves the carrying of all mails between the depots, postoffices and sub-offices. Bid is called for some time next week and the contract was awarded to John Morgan of Upland, whose bid was a few dollars under \$500. Morgan found that he had not found the low bid and drew up the contract, forcing the surety company which went on his bond to make good with the government. His contract was to have taken effect July 1. The new contract will take effect July 1 and will run until July 30, 1904. The department will have to provide temporary service over the route from July 1 to October 1.

Hinckley not Yet Found.

Mrs. A. G. Hinckley has received no information of the whereabouts of her husband, the missing attorney, and still feels that he has been captured, although she has a faint hope that he may have become temporarily unbalanced and wandered away. The search for Hinckley, live or dead, is prosecuted by the officers of the organization on which he was a member, by his relatives and by peace officers of Los Angeles and the north. It is expected that Chief of Police Elton, who received a telegram from Fremont, may have some information that will throw light on the mystery, although he had no funds with which to carry on the hunt for the attorney.

He is believed to have gone east. Mrs. Hinckley has entered into communication with his relatives in Boston and other parts of the United States, but she has little expectation of receiving favorable news.

BREVITIES.

MILLINERY—Announcement! During the winter we will offer reductions of cost on my entire stock of trimmed hats at such a reduction in prices as will place them beyond all competition. Every hat offered is of the very latest pattern and the line including a number of patterns they have received late last week from New York. French importations, Fifth-avenue dress hats, tailored hats and an immense stock of tailored and dress hats, will all be offered at sweeping reductions. My policy is never to offer a second season goods once shown. Those who have determined to offer ever hat in hand and those trimmed hats arriving from this date on, at prices which will insure their immediate sale. Miss E. C. Collins, 239 South Broadway (Byrne building).

Times' Prize Cookbooks. The series of prize recipe contests is closed for the present. All the recipes brought out by me, some 450 in number, by California housekeepers, and including directions for cookies, puddings, dips, picnic luncheons, Spanish dishes, candies and citrus and other fruit preserves, will now be issued in the form of a 44-page book, and sold \$1. The Times and its agents at 15 cents per copy, 4 cents extra if mailed. They will be ready June 5. Send orders at once.

Dental Work.

Our dental department is one of the best equipped in the city. Our operators are experts, and entire satisfaction and guarantee all our work to be first class before it leaves the office. Our rates are reasonable. It is a pleasure for us to give estimates.

The office is now open, and closed at 9:30 o'clock at night.

California Medical Dental Society, 175 North Spring st.

Go to Catalina. Stop at Grand View Hotel and take advantage of low rates before summer rates take effect.

Fine cabinet photos reduced to \$1. 25 per dozen. Sunbeam, 226 S. Main.

Dr. R. F. Clark, 233 South Broadway, surgeon and dentist of women.

Catalina Camps. Catalina Island, is now open for business.

Willie, if you read this, please write to mama, and save her much suffering.

W. H. G.

The all-day monthly meeting of the Pentecostal Prayer Union will be held Thursday, June 5, at First United Presbyterian Church, corner Eighth and Hill streets, commencing at 9:30 o'clock. Subject: "The Spirit of Pentecost."

There are undelivered telegrams at the Postal Telegraph Cable Company, No. 228 South Spring street, for Mrs. Melvin A. Gould, Mrs. Wallace, Commissioner of the General Oil Co., F. C. Finley and Jake Bremner.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph Company's office for Belle Langworthy, Jerry W. Mitchell, Robert Fearnley, Mr. T. H. Williams, C. M. Melvin, Mrs.

Edna Johnson, John Evans, J. O. Haron, W. I. Winchester, Mrs. C. A. Guernsey, Lycurna Lindsay, Mr. G. A. Lang.

PERSONAL.

Jerome Ansell of London, Eng., is at the Nadeau. L. L. Merrill, a mining man of Bisbee, Ariz., is a guest at the Angelus. George H. Taylor, a mine owner of Denver, is spending a few days at the Angelus.

C. L. Hanks, a mining man of Sonora, Mex., is staying at the Van Nys at the Nadeau.

L. L. Barnes of New York, who has extensive mining interests in Mexico and Arizona, is at the Angelus.

A. Fred Wey, a hotel man of Salt Lake City, is a guest at his daughter's home at the Angelus.

Dr. H. O. Reik of Baltimore, a member of the Climatological Association, arrived at the Van Nys yesterday.

Judge Enoch Knight and wife will leave on Thursday for the East, where they will spend the summer.

H. Shainwald of the San Francisco real estate firm of Shainwald, Buckley & Company, is a guest at the Van Nys.

Geo. Hart, one of the proprietors of the Natick House, has just returned from Mexico, where he has mining interests.

C. L. Price of Chicago, superintendent of the American Guaranty Company, is registered at the Van Nys.

Henry C. Carr, a civil engineer of San Francisco, is at the Van Nys.

He is a representative of the Joshua Hendy Machine Works.

Gen. Cecil Stanhope of London, president of the Mexico City Street Railway Company, is making a stay at the Van Nys, accompanied by Mrs. Stanhope.

Thomas S. Wadsworth returned yesterday from a business trip to New York City, and other eastern points, and reports extensive inquiry concerning mining matters relating to California.

F. G. French, president and general manager of the Lowell and California Mining Company, now engaged in opening up the Big Horn Mine on North Baldy Mountain in this county, came from the property last night. He will make the Nadeau his headquarters for a few days.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Following are the marriage licenses issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk.

Robert Trooper, aged 41, a native of Wisconsin, and Elizabeth Monahan, aged 25, a native of Canada; both residents of Los Angeles.

Harry Graves, aged 20, a native of Nebraska, and Adella House, aged 19, a native of California; both residents of Upland (North Ontario).

Gabriel Marques, aged 22, a native of Mexico, and Inez Ruiz, aged 22, a native of California; both residents of Irwindale.

Walter M. Statham, aged 27, a native of California, and May Winnett, aged 22, a native of Canada; both residents of Los Angeles.

Edward C. McDonough, aged 29, a native of Ohio, and Matilda E. Diehl, aged 29, a native of Ohio; both residents of Los Angeles.

John Alexander Little, aged 34, a native of Indiana, and Anna, a resident of Louisville, Ky., aged 22.

John Franklin and Anna Manning.

For a few days will cure

free of charge, a few cases of

hemicystic, atrophic, asth-

matic, stomach, kidney and

liver troubles, etc. Far-

merly used in Europe without laborious exer-

cise. Instructions by mail.

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ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine

Carter's little Liver Pill

Must Bear Signature or
Breaks Seal

See Full-Size Wrapper Below.

My seal is not on any

See on page 2.

ARTERS
LIVER
PILL
FOR BRAZIL,
FOR BUSINESS,
FOR BILIOUSSES,
FOR TROPIC LIVER,
FOR CONSTIPATION,
FOR GALLOW SKIN,
FOR THE COMPLEXION,
FOR VENereal.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ONLY

52.50 Per Tooth

Tooth Without Plates.

GUARANTEED

PLATES
REQUIRED

200000

RECOMMENDED

Dr. F. F. Feltman

and his wife

have had

and are

San Bernardino and Riverside Counties--News of Their Towns.

[NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.]

FATAL FIGHT IN A RAILROAD CABOOSE.

ONE BRAKEMAN KILLS ANOTHER WITH A CLUB.

D. E. Mellus of Los Angeles takes the life of H. A. Landon in the yards at Colton--Quick capture of the slayer--Self-defense claimed.

COTTON, June 3.—Dan E. Mellus, a special conductor in the employ of the Southern Pacific Company, whose home is at No. 125 South Avenue Eighteen, Los Angeles, struck Herbert A. Landon of this city, a brakeman, employed by the same company, on the head with a short club used as a brake-turner last night, inflicting injuries from which Landon died between 11 and 12 o'clock last night.

The tragedy was the culmination of long-standing trouble and of Landon's drunkenness. Mellus was working in the caboose of the train on which Mellus was acting as one of the brakemen. Landon was a switchman in the Colton yards, and part of his duties was to assist in the making-up of freight trains. It was known that there was ill-feeling between him and Mellus, and when the train on which Mellus was working came in last night, Landon, who had been drinking, began striking him as soon as he saw him. Mellus tried to retire to avoid trouble, and left the train. On getting out the evening the two met frequently, and each time Landon abused his enemy. While Mellus was seated in the caboose, Landon entered and the quarrel was renewed. During the fight Mellus seized a small club and struck Landon on the head, knocking him to the floor, unconscious. He never recovered consciousness, and although two physicians worked with him until near midnight they could find no life in his body.

Mellus left for Los Angeles on his train without knowing that Landon was dead. He made no effort to escape, but it was not known that Landon's injuries were so severe that an attempt was made to arrest him here.

He was brought back to Colton this afternoon from Los Angeles, and attended the inquest, which was conducted by Coroner Thompson, at 4 o'clock. The coroner heard testimony that the deceased had attacked Mellus in the caboose, but several persons testified as to the threats Landon had made against Mellus. The jury returned a verdict of "murder in the first degree" and recommended the railroad officials in declaring the lookout which was begun today at noon.

That the Santa Fe has evidently determined to fight to a finish the strike, the fact that it has issued orders to reduce the steam pressure on all engines twenty pounds, thus saving the boilers and making the ballasts of accidents less.

THE COMPANY'S SIDE.

HOW MELLUS WAS CAPTURED.

The first information the Los Angeles authorities had of the murder was contained in a telegram received at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning from Captain Bagley of Colton, stating that a brakeman, Mellus, had killed another railroad man in Colton; that Mellus was supposed to be on a train then coming to Los Angeles and requesting that he be arrested. The initials of Mellus were not given, but when the telegram was received the Superior deputies requested the assistance of the police department in the effort to make the capture, and officers were detailed for this purpose.

When the train arrived at River Station, Conductor Brown stated that Mellus had killed his train at Colton, but had been told that he must get off. "I feared that I might be compelled with assisting him to escape if I permitted him to remain on the train," said Conductor Brown, "and therefore I told him he must leave when we stopped at Colton. I told him that he did get off there, but I have reason to believe that after we started he boarded the train again and beat his way to Los Angeles, dragging off his coat and his shirt at River Station."

Acting on this information, the police began scouring the part of the city between the railroad tracks and the home of Mellus. Patrolman Hender son, of D. C. Craig's team at East Main and Washington streets, first asked who he was, he said, "My name is Mellus, and I am the man you are looking for, if you know anything about the trouble at Colton." He was made an instant and given into the custody of Detective F. R. W. Deputy Sheriff Warden, who arrived soon afterward in a buggy. Mellus then did not know that the man with whom he had had the trouble was dead. When informed that he was charged with murder, he said:

"I am sorry for him, for I did not intend to kill him. It was a question of either putting him out or losing my own life. He had assaulted me several times, and when the police came at me and I seized the first thing I could reach and struck him. I did not intend to kill him, but acted only in self-defense. He had threatened my life, and I tried to avoid him, but he finally cornered me, and when I had I had to defend myself. If he had not been drinking the trouble would not have occurred."

"I am coming to Los Angeles I did not come to see my friends, and I came here first to see my wife, who is very ill, and second to get some money to pay my expenses and the fees of an attorney. If I had not been captured on the street, I would have gone home and then I would have surrendered myself. I know that I can establish a case of self-defense, but this trial may be long, and I had no money against the man I struck, nothing whatever. He followed me all over Colton. He threw a whisky bottle at me and struck me. I went to the caboose to avoid him, having heard him say that he would kill me if he followed me there and got me in a corner. Then as he came at me I struck him with something, I don't know what, and he fell. I did not want to see how badly he was hurt, but left the caboose to avoid further trouble. I went out. I sent several men to his assistance, and after that I knew nothing of his condition."

Mellus was taken to the Police Station, and there given into the custody of Deputy Sheriff Warden, who took him to the County Jail. The San Bernardino officers were notified of the capture, and Deputy Sheriff Rogers of that county came for the prisoner on the train, and took him back to Colton. Mellus has a good reputation. He is not a drinking man, and is regarded as a careful, trustworthy employee by the officials of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. He is a member of what is known as the Grievance Committee of the railway employees. Through this committee are presented the complaints of the em

ployees to the railroad officials, and him his superiors say that he is a conservative and cautious man and above the average of railway employees.

Conductor Brown, on whose train the killing occurred, stated to the police yesterday morning that Mellus had a clear case of self-defense.

LOCKOUT AT THE SANTA FE SHOPS.

ALL DEPARTMENTS CLOSED BECAUSE OF THE STRIKE.

Only a few of the men retained and no present hope of an early settlement--Needles Shop involved in the same order.

SAN BERNARDINO, June 3.—A bullet was passed today at the Santa Fe shop to the effect that owing to the strike of the men in the boiler-makers' department caused by the boilermakers going out on strike last week, the machine and blacksmith shops will be closed until further notice. Such men whose services are required will be notified by their respective foremen, and the men will be given the same order and the men old in the service of the company. The constable, who is in charge of the strike, has made an arrangement with the men who are in the shop to the effect that there is no prospect of an early settlement of the boiler-makers' strike. The Grand President McNeil of the boiler-makers' organization, has not yet arrived from Needles, and although the local strikers and the railroad officials practically arrived at an amicable agreement days ago, it could not be ratified without the arrival of the grand president, who has not yet found time to come to town. Hence the continuation of the strike and the consequent shutting down of the shops that contribute so largely to the material benefit of the city.

From the present outlook the trouble will not be settled for some time. The railway officials and representatives of the shop men have been in constant touch with each other, and have been unable to reach an agreement to declare the strike over. The railroad officials have not yet found time to come to town. Hence the continuation of the strike and the consequent shutting down of the shops that contribute so largely to the material benefit of the city.

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reduce the steam pressure on all engines twenty pounds, thus saving the boilers and making the ballasts of accidents less.

THE COMPANY'S SIDE.

STRONG STATEMENT ISSUED.

With reference to the strikes at San Bernardino and Needles and the order closing the shops at both places, the following official statement was issued yesterday from the Los Angeles headquarters of the Santa Fe:

"It appears that the rate paid boilermakers at Needles is 37 cents an hour, Winslow being the only other division, and the work for the former shop is as high on the whole Santa Fe system. The rate quoted is 37 cents an hour more than is generally paid for this particular kind of work. Recently the men at Needles made a demand for 40 cents an hour. The concession was refused, and the committee that waited on the Santa Fe division management was informed that the 37 cents an hour rate was being paid at Needles, and at Winslow and the other division, and the rate of those two stations. For a similar reason, the Southern Pacific pays the same rate in its shops at Yuma.

In the meantime, a mechanic at San Bernardino had been instructed to go temporarily from the plant to the temple in transmitting the order the man affected was informed by mistake to be permanent. He was called to the office of the company, and the dissatisfaction of those two stations. For a similar reason, the Southern Pacific pays the same rate in its shops at Yuma.

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After S. P. Weaver, a carpenter, had alighted from his wagon at the Newport Harbor Company's yards, he was attacked by a man who had been following him there. He was severely beaten, and could not get out of the path of the wagon. He saved himself from injury by dropping to the ground, and allowing the vehicle to pass over him, escaping with a few bruises.

The pumping plant of the Domestic

Water Company has been shut down as the result of the breaking of the piston rod in the pumping engine. The water supply will be short until the rod can be replaced from San Francisco.

TRYED TO ESCAPE AT THE JAIL DOOR.

SAN BERNARDINO OFFICERS SHOOT AT A FUGITIVE.

Serious Charge Against Rialto Man--Investigation into Condition of Chartered Cities With a View to Changing Classification--Work on Redlands Trolley Line.

RIVERSIDE, June 3.—The members of the commission appointed by the government to investigate lands of the Indians in California, San Diego counties in a new home for the Warner Ranch Indians—Bids for Warner Ranch Indians—Bids for New Tourist Hotel Opened and Contracts Awarded.

LEAVES SAN JACINTO TODAY ON ITS LONG TOUR SOUTH.

WILL ENDEAVOR TO FIND SUITABLE HOME SITE FOR WARNER RANCH INDIANS--BIDS FOR NEW TOURIST HOTEL OPENED AND CONTRACTS AWARDED.

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LIN'S
OD

Los Angeles County: Its Cities, Towns and Suburban Places.

[NEWS REPORTS FROM TIMES CORRESPONDENTS.]

PASADENA SCHOOLS
MUST BE LARGER.
EDUCATION PLANS
GREAT ADDITIONS.Public Library Report Shows
New Century Club. Dis-
cusses Philippines Policy—Wider Bridge
City Hall Site Purchased.ake large quan-
tities of fresh milk
is all digestible.of beautiful "Miller's Feed Bobbins"
on a pedestal.

NY. BOSTON, MA

Blood and Skin Disease



Cultivatively Cured from 4 to 40

HAVE secured the services and are
now in the treatment of 40 years
old and 100 years old patients of
Skin Diseases. Our remedies are
new and contain no mercury
or arsenic. We are the only
and the best in the United States
to offer the services of the
Philippines. Attorney Ben-
W. Hahn read the principal pa-
per of the evening, which was adverse
to the country's adopting the policy
of the Philippines which it adopted
toward Cuba. Among those who
then took part in the discussion
was Prof. W. H. Hoole, who
said that the Board of Trade
and the Philippines were
the same. The latter street
improvement of teachers
and other business.

NEW CENTURY CLUB.

The New Century Club met last
night at the offices of its Beach, No-
borders avenue and dis-
cussed the policy of the United States
and the Philippines. Attorney Ben-
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COUNCIL ROUTINE.

The City Council yesterday made
more purchases of park property.

The sum of \$300 for lots belonging to P.

G. Wooster's subdivision, and includ-
ing the Nevada House at the corner of
Fair Oaks avenue and Vineyard
street. The purchase of the City Hall
site on the corner of Union street and
Fair Oaks avenue was also consum-
mated for \$8500. The Ward estate being
the subject of attack, and numerous
broadsides are aimed at the system of
marking in the grammar schools,
which system is alleged by the cham-
pions of Webster and Schilling to be
of the negative.

ENTERTAIN CLIMATE TASTERS.

The Climatologists, a national
organization of good weather and bad
weather examiners, will be here on the
11th inst., to the number of half a hundred
of theseabout. Yesterday afternoon
a meeting of the Board of Trade director met
and the President of the United States
will be in the city only one
hour, and that short space of time
will be used up with a drive about
town. The board's Entertainment
Committee has instructed to act with
the physicians of the city in taking
care of the guests.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Mrs. Harriet J. Hinckley, aged 83
years, died yesterday at No. 539 North
Euclid avenue. The funeral will be
held on Monday at the parsonage of
Adams, Turner & Stevens, at 4 o'clock.W. R. Stata, J. D. Thompson, J. H.
Holmes and others of the San Joaquin
Bank and Eastern Railway Company
yesterday started for ten days' vacation.Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Weir and E. A.
Kimball and Jean G. Drake and family
of Los Angeles, Mr. and Mrs. William C.
Stuart, Jr., of Pasadena, and C. R.
Grimes and William Grimes of Tucson,
Ariz., are staying at the Hotel
Long Beach Post, G.A.R., and W.R.
C. and Henry W. Lawton Camp of
Sons of Veterans, are about to remove
their quarters into the new Odd
Fellow's Hall on Second street.The Throop Guitar and Mandolin
Club last night gave its farewell
concert in Throop Hall. There was a large
attendance.The Universalists are receiving nu-
merous applications for the pulpit
vacancy vacated by Rev. Ralph Conner.Go to Catalina. Stop at Grand View
Hotel, and take advantage of low
rates before summer rates take effect.

POMONA.

MEN'S CLUB ENTERTAINED.

POMONA, June 3.—The members of
the Pomona Sunday Evening Club of
Pilgrim Congregational Church were
pleasantly entertained by the pastor, Rev. Dr. L. H. Frary and Mrs. Frary
yesterday afternoon at the parsonage of
President Gates and Profs. Norton, Colcord and Sumner were present from
Pomona College and made witty and
entertaining remarks, and Frances L.
Pratt sang several pleasing solos. Light
refreshments were served.F. F. Atterbury, a former resident
of Pomona, was here today from Los
Angeles on business.

The man who was

a captain of insurgents, and

the force were belonging to

the Spanish system and

the technical definition of a spy. The

practiced by the Filipinos

of greater than those practiced

by Mr. Hahn quoted from a long

speech he made, "that our troops

should be human, should in some in-
stances be exasperated beyond en-
tire control."

The speaker pleaded that we should

be friends as our friends, and

the fate of the destiny of the islands, and

we are foreordained that we

will be the instruments of the

when that time comes we

will be in business for himself;

but present it is impossible for us

to be anxious or

and the other to the na-

Aguinaldo himself never wanted

government without outside pro-

tection.

The speaker also said that we should

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